



Missouri Department of Natural Resources

Summary of Statutory Obligations

Division of Energy

RSMo 640.150-155

General Provisions for State Energy Office and Energy Supply Emergency Plan

The Division of Energy is responsible for assessing the impact of national energy policies on Missouri's supply and use of energy in consideration of the citizens' public health, safety and welfare. The division will consult with, and monitor and analyze research of all interested agencies and institutions, governmental and nongovernmental, public and private, on matters of energy research and development, management, conservation and distribution, in order to plan for the future energy needs of Missouri. The division provides public education and information in energy-related areas, and prepares plans for reducing energy use in the event of an energy or other resource supply emergency.

RSMo 8.800-851

Energy Efficiency in State Facilities

The Division of Energy is required to evaluate, based upon life-cycle cost factors and minimum energy efficiency standards, design and construction documents for all new construction or major renovation of any state building when major energy systems are involved. The division and the Office of Administration submit an annual joint report to the House committee on Energy and Environment, the Senate committee on Energy and Environment, and the Governor on the identification, planning and implementation of energy efficiency projects in state buildings.

RSMo 135.300-311

Wood Energy Tax Credit

A Missouri wood energy producer is eligible for a tax credit of five dollars per ton of processed material. The credit may be claimed for a period of five years and is to be a credit against the tax otherwise due. The Division of Energy evaluates the tax credit applications and certifies to the Department of Revenue each applicant that qualifies as a wood energy-producing facility.

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[http://www.state.mo.us/dnr/
de/home_de.htm](http://www.state.mo.us/dnr/de/home_de.htm)

RSMo 414.400-417 & 420**State Fleet Fuel Efficiency and Clean Fuels**

The Division of Energy is required to develop and implement a program to reduce fuel consumption, improve fleet management and promote the use of alternative fuels. Each state agency implements a vehicle fleet energy conservation plan and provides an annual report to the division charting its progress toward this goal. The division then reports this progress to the legislature. The “Missouri Ethanol and Other Renewable Fuel Sources Commission” was created to promote the continued production and use of ethanol and other renewable fuel sources in Missouri.

RSMo 414.500-590**Missouri Propane Education and Research Act**

The Division of Energy is responsible for establishing the Missouri Propane Education and Research Council. The council is comprised of six members representing producers of propane; six members representing retail marketers of propane; two members representing manufacturers and distributors of gas use equipment, wholesalers or resellers, or transporters; and one public member. The council recommends regulations for propane producers and marketers. In the case of violations, the council would investigate and assess penalties. The council develops and implements programs of research, development, education and marketing, and coordinates its activities with industry trade associations to provide efficient delivery of services and to avoid unnecessary duplication of activities.

RSMo 640.169, 182 & 651-686**Energy Loan Program**

The Division of Energy administers loans to schools and local governments for the purpose of financing all or a portion of the costs incurred in implementing an energy conservation project. The division reviews applications and rewards loans beginning with the lowest payback score and continuing in ascending order to the highest, until all available program funds have been obligated within any given application cycle. Each borrower must submit an annual report, which includes computing the actual energy cost savings resulting from the implementation of the energy conservation project financed by the loan. The loan is repaid with interest, and the payments come from the energy-cost savings resulting from the project.